

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

RICHARD CHUDACOFF,

Plaintiff,

vs.

UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER, *et al.*,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:08-cv-00863-RCJ-GWF

ORDER

Motion to Extend Time (#646)

This matter comes before the Court on Defendants Ellerton, Bernstein, Carrison, Roberts, and Medical/Dental Staff of UMC's ("Defendants") Motion for Extension of Time (#646), filed on March 19, 2013. Defendants' Memorandum of Fees regarding the costs incurred for bringing their Motion (#609) was due February 15, 2013. *See February 1, 2013 Order, Doc. #615* at 10:8-17. Defendants' response to Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees (#631) was due March 1, 2013. *Id.* at 10:1-5. Defendant did not file either memorandum, and now seeks an enlargement of time to do so.

At the January 17, 2013 hearing, the Court granted Plaintiff's Motion to Compel (#441). *See Minutes of Proceedings, Doc. #603.* The Court, in accordance with Rule 37(a)(5)(A), granted Plaintiff's Motion for Sanctions (#443) and awarded Plaintiff the costs incurred in bringing the Motion to Compel (#441). *See Order, Doc. #615.* The Court further ordered, however, that the awarded fees be offset by the expenses incurred by Defendants in bringing their Emergency Motion to Enforce Amended Stipulated Protective Order (#609). *See id.* at 8:19-21. The Court ordered both Plaintiff and Defendants to file memoranda of costs and fees associated with bringing their respective Motions (#441, #609) no later than February 15, 2013. *See id.* at 9:19-27, 10:8-16.

1 Plaintiff filed his Memorandum (#631) on February 15, 2013.

2 The Court may, for good cause, grant an extension of time on a matter “made after the time
3 [to file] has expired if the party failed to act because of excusable neglect.” *Howard v. Skolnik*,
4 2012 WL 3656494, *2 (D. Nev., August 23, 2012); *see also* Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(b)(1)(B). “[T]he
5 determination of whether neglect is excusable is an equitable one that depends on at least four
6 factors: (1) the danger of prejudice to the opposing party; (2) the length of the delay and its
7 potential impact on the proceedings; (3) the reason for the delay; and (4) whether the movant acted
8 in good faith.” *Bateman v. U.S. Postal Service*, 231 F.3d 1220, 1223-24 (9th Cir.2000). Here,
9 Defendants’ counsel avers that the filing deadlines for Defendants’ memoranda were mis-
10 calendared, and counsel did not notice the oversight because of engagement in a trial in an
11 unrelated case. The Order (#615) setting the briefing schedule for the memoranda was entered on
12 February 1, 2013. Defendants’ counsel’s trial began on February 11, 2013, ten days after the Order
13 (#615) was entered and four days before the first deadline. *See Decl. of Kim Mandelbaum, Esq.*,
14 *Doc. #646, Exh. B* at 10:8. The Court finds that the reason for the delay does not rise to the level of
15 excusable neglect. Accordingly,

16 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Defendants’ Motion to Extend Time (#646) is **denied**.

17 DATED this 22nd day of March, 2013.

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20 GEORGE FOLEY, JR.
21 United States Magistrate Judge
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